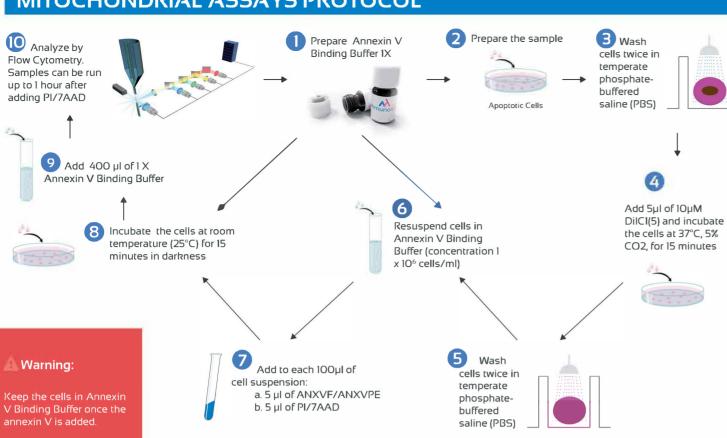
# MITOCHONDRIAL ASSAYS PROTOCOL





## **1** More information

Please contact with our technical department, for request bulk and custom package size for Apoptosis Assays.

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Distributed by Abacus dx

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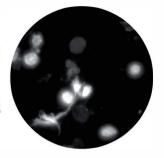
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# **Apoptosis Assays**

Detection of programmed cell death or apoptosis by flow cytometry



Apoptosis is a regulated process of cell death that occurs during embryonic development as well as maintenance of tissue homeostasis. The appearance of non-regulated apoptosis involves the possibility of different diseases, such as neurodegenerative disease and cancer.

### **ADVANTAGES**

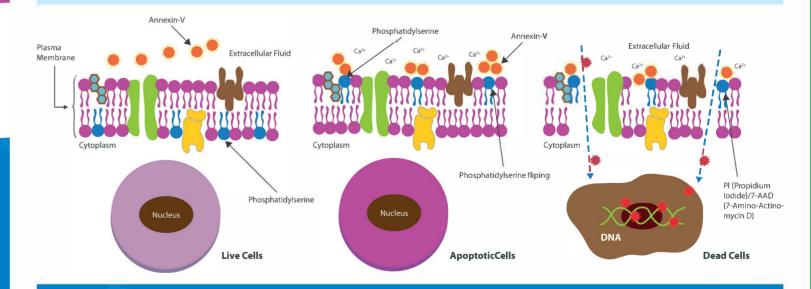
- Highly sensitive assays to detect early to late events.
- Large number of assays to detect different parameters.
- Very well validated in flow cytometry with many different type of cells (Jurkat, HL6O, U266, whole blood, astrocytes, among many others) and many different type of drugs (Cytarabine, Camptothecin, Etoposide, Methotrexate, among many others).
- Different fluorescent options for multiple laser excitation sources.

#### **APOPTOTIC MEMBRANE ASSAYS**

### PRINCIPLE OF MEMBRANE ASSAYS

During the earliest apoptosis, phosphatidylserine(PS), normally located on the cytoplasmic surface of the cell membrane, becomes exposed to the extracellular environment, causing changes in membrane asymmetry and permeability.

The human vascular anticoagulant, annexin V, is a 35-36KDa Ca2+ dependent phospholipids binding protein that has a high affinity for PS, and shows minimal binding to phosphatidylcholine and sphingomyelin.



**Immunostep Apoptosis Detection kit** offered by Immunostep provide the perfect way to identify and quantitate apoptotic cells on a single cell basis by flow cytometry.

REAGENTS SUPPLIED WITH PLASMA MEMBRANA ASSAYS Images after analyzing Reference Content of the kit **NON-TREATED** TREATED FITC Annexin V (ANXVF), 100 test, provided in Liquid form in buffer containing Antibody Stabilizer, PBS (PH 7,4) ANXVKF-100T Propidium Iodide Staining Solution (PI), 100 test in PBS (PH 7,4) or 7-Amino-Isothiocyanate Actionomycin D (7AAD), Staining (Blue Laser) Solution 100 test in PBS Annexin V Binding Buffer 10X (BB10X), 50 ml. 0,1M Hepes/NaOH (PH 7,4) 1,4 M NaCl. 25 mM CaCl2 PE Annexin V (ANXVPE), 100 test, provided in Liquid form buffer containing Antibody Stabilizer, PBS (PH 7,2) ANXVKPE-100T 7-Amino-Actinomycin D. (7AAD) 500 ul in PBS and 0.09% NaN3 (sodium R-Phycoerythrin azide), pH 7,2 (Blue Laser) Annexin V Binding Buffer 10X (BB10X), 50 ml. 0,1M Hepes/NaOH (PH 7,4) 1,4 M NaCl, 25 mM CaCl2 Dy634 Annexin V (ANXVDY), 100 test, provided in liquid form in buffer containing Antibody Stabilizer, PBS,PH ANXVKDY-100T

Dy634 - Dyomics 634 (Red Laser)

Propidium Iodide Staining Solution (PI), 100 test in PBS (PH 7,4)

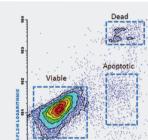
Annexin V Binding Buffer 10X (BB10X), 50 ml. 0,1M Hepes/NaOH (PH 7,4) 1,4 M NaCl. 25 mM CaCl2

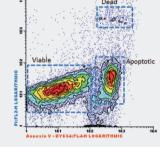
ANXVKCFB-100T

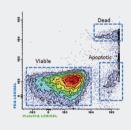
CF-Blue (Violet Laser) CF-BlueTM Annexin V (ANXVCFB), 100 test, provided in Liquid form in buffer containing Antibody Stabilizer, PBS (PH 7,2)

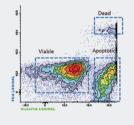
Propidium Iodide Staining Solution (PI) or 7-Amino-Actionomycin D (7AAD), Staining Solution 100 test in PBS (PH 7,4)

Annexin V Binding Buffer 10X (BB10X), 50 ml. 0,1M Hepes/NaOH (PH 7,4) 1,4 M NaCl, 25 mM CaCl2



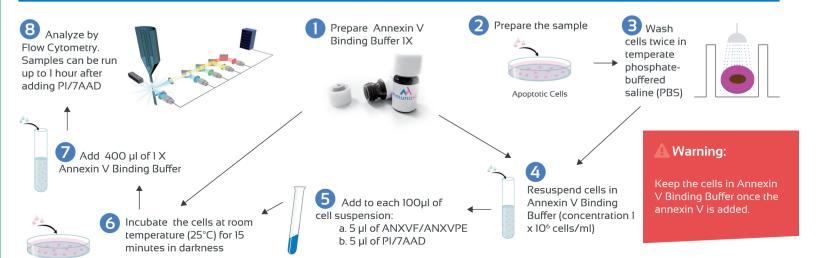






Flow cytometry analysis of jurkat cells (T-cell leukemia, human) treated with 6μM camptothecin for 4h at 37°C, 5% CO2.

# **PROTOCOL**



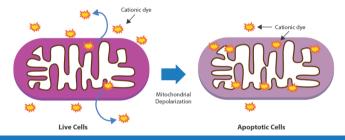
### **FLUOROCHROMES FOR APOPTOSIS ASSAYS**

Abbreviation	Name	Excitation Laser Line (nm)	Maximum Excitation Peak (nm)	Maximum Emission Peak (nm)	Recommend Band Pass Filter (nm)			
* CF-Blue™	CF405M	405 - Violet laser	405	450	450/50			
FITC	Fluorescein Isothiocyanate	488 - Blue Laser	495	519	530/30			
PE	R-Phycoerythrin	488, 532, 561 - Blue Laser	496, 564	578	585/42			
* Dy634	Dyomics 634	595, 633, 635, 640, 647 Red Laser	635	658	660/20			
PI	Propidium Iodide	488, 532, 561 - Blue Laser	351	617	585/42			
7-AAD	7-Aminoactinomycin D	488, 532, 561 - Blue Laser	546	647	660/20			
DiIC1(5)	1,1',3,3,3',3'-hexamethylindodicarbo- cyanine iodide (MitoStep)	595, 633, 635, 640, 647 Red Laser	638	658	660/20			
*CF-Blue™	conjugated antibodies are provided under an agreement between Biotium Inc. and Immunostep							
Dy634	conjugated antibodies are provided under an agreement between Dyomics GmbH and Immunostep							

## **APOPTOTIC MITOCHONDRIAL ASSAYS**

### PRINCIPLE OF MITOCHONDRIAL ASSAYS

Depolarization of the sub mitochondrial and therefore changes in the mitochondrial membrane potential  $\Delta\Psi$ have been described during early stages of apoptosis. Mitochondrial uptake of cationic dyes is a possible source of fluorescence variance.

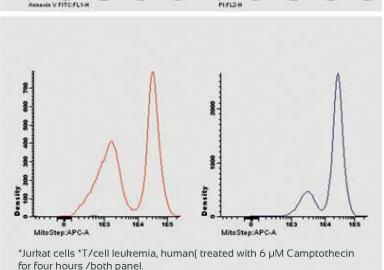


# MITOCHONDRIAL ASSAYS: Reagent supplied

Excitation Emission

Content of

Reference	Content of the kit	Excitation max (nm)	Emission max (nm)	lmages after analyzing
<b>MITO-IOOT</b> MitoStep	DilC1(5), 500 µlofl0µM in DMSO	633	658	Annesin V FITC-FL1-H
KMAF-100T	DilCI(5), 500 µloflOµM in DMSO	633	658	1
MitoStep + FITC Apoptosis Detection Kit	ANXVICE - FITC Apoptosis Detection kit	490	525	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00
KMAPE-IOOT	DilCI(5), 500 µloflOµM in DMSO	633	658	100 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
MitoStep + PE Apoptosis Detection Kit	ANXVKPE - PE Apoptosis Detection kit	488	578	MitoStep:APC-A  *Jurkat cells *T/cell le



<sup>\*</sup>Browse our catalog for information on the individual components