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SARS-COV-2 REALTIME PCR KIT

For in vitro diagnostic use

RTPCR001: Real Time RT-PCR kit to detect nucleic acid from SARS-CoV-2 in human respiratory samples. The test is a qualitative assay to aid in the diagnosis of 2019 novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19). 48 tests. Lyophilized.

INTRODUCTION:

Coronaviruses (CoVs) are large enveloped positive-sense RNA viruses. SARS-CoV-2 (Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2) was identified as the cause of an outbreak of respiratory illness first detected in Wuhan, China in December 2019. Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses that are common in many different species of animals, rarely, animal coronaviruses can infect people and spread such as with MERS, SARS, and SARS-CoV-2. This new virus shares 80% sequence identity to previously isolated human SARS-CoV and it is >96% identical to a SARS-related bat coronavirus. The disease produced by SARS-CoV-2 is called Covid-19-CoronaVirus Disease, 2019 and it is associated with lower respiratory tract infections, symptoms reported for patients with SARS-CoV-2 include mild to severe respiratory illness with fever, cough, and difficulty breathing.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST:

It is based on the reverse transcription (RT) and amplification in the same reaction well of specific fragments of SARS-CoV-2 (Wuhan 2019-nCoV) and SARS-related coronaviruses by real

Two lyophilized master mixes are provided for screening and confirmation. The assays do not cross react with common human respiratory CoV or MERS.

An amplification control is included in each master mix to check the absence of carry-over of amplification inhibitors in the sample, and the correct reverse transcription and amplification set-up. The control in Mix A consists of an RNA fragment and a specific oligo pair/probe for its amplification. The control in Mix B is RNAse P to assess specimen quality.

The technique is divided into 2 main steps: RNA extraction and reverse transcription and amplification/detection with specific oligo pairs and probes. Coronavirus RNA is detected in FAM channel in both master mixes. Internal controls are labelled with HEX/VIC.

Mix A targets a specific fragment of the N gene for SARS-CoV-2. Mix B targets a generic fragment of the E gene which is positive for SARS-CoV-2 and also for others SARS-related Coronavirus.

KIT FEATURES:

This kit is based on reverse transcription and amplification and detection using real time PCR.

It is recommended to assay each sample with Mix A and Mix B for confirmation of a positive result. The design of the assays targets conserved regions, however considering the variability of RNA virus and the limited sequences available, a result should only be considered positive if both assays are positive.

RT-PCR Mix and positive control reagents are lyophilized. It is necessary to reconstitute them before use (see "Preliminary preparation of reagents" section). The rest of the reagents are ready to use.

KIT CONTENTS:

1 VIRCELL CoV-2 RT-PCR MIX A: 3 vials containing reverse transcriptase, Tag polymerase, buffer and specific primers/probe for N gene of nCoV and an RNA fragment and primers/probe used as internal control. 16 reactions per vial. Lyophilized.

2 VIRCELL CoV-2 RT-PCR MIX B: 3 vials containing reverse transcriptase, Taq polymerase, buffer and specific primers/probe for E gene of SARS-related coronaviruses and primers/probe targeting human RNAse P gene used as sample control. 16 reactions per vial. Lyophilized.

3 VIRCELL CoV-2 POSITIVE CONTROL: 1 vial containing a mixture of lyophilized non-infectious nucleic acids to be used as positive control of both assays. Red cap.

4 VIRCELL NEGATIVE CONTROL: 1 vial containing 200 μl of deionized water to be used as negative control. Green cap.

5 VIRCELL PCR MIX RECONSTITUTION SOLUTION: 2 vials with 1 ml of aqueous solution to reconstitute the PCR mix. Yellow

6 VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL RECONSTITUTION SOLUTION: 1 vial with 500 μl of aqueous solution to reconstitute the positive control. Brown cap.

Store at 2-8°C and check expiration date.

Materials required but not supplied:

Microbiological safety cabinet RNA extraction kit (see recommendations in "Test procedure") qPCR thermocycler Precision micropipettes Sterile tips with aerosol barrier Microcentrifuge PCR cabinet (recommended)

Vortex

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS:

Store at the recommended temperature indicated. Do not use the kit reagents beyond the expiration date. This will be valid only if reagents are capped and stored at the indicated temperature.

STABILITY OF REAGENTS ONCE OPENED:

Reagent	Stability
Reconstituted VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL	Store below -70°C and use until expiration date. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstituted MIX A and MIX B	Store below -20°C and use until expiration date. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
Rest of the	Store at 2-8°C and use until
components	expiration date

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STABILITY AND HANDLING OF REAGENTS:

The kit is stable until the expiration date at the indicated temperature. After the reconstitution of VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL, this should be stored below -70°C.

Reconstituted VIRCELL MIX VIALS should be used immediately after reconstitution maintaining in a cold rack protected from light. Store reconstituted mix not used immediately below -20°C until use.

Handle reagents in aseptic conditions to avoid microbial contaminations.

VIRCELL, S.L. does not accept responsibility for the mishandling of the reagents included in the kit.

RECOMMENDATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. For *in vitro* diagnosis use only. For professional use only.
- 2. The product should be limited to personnel who have been trained in the technique.
- 3. The user of this kit is advised to carefully read and understand the package insert. Strict adherence to the protocol is necessary to obtain reliable test results.
- 4. Use only protocols described in this insert. Conditions other than specified may give erroneous results.
- 5. Wear personal protective equipment when handling samples. Wash hands properly after handling the samples. All procedures must be carried out in accordance with the approved safety standards.
- 6. Do not use the kit after expiration date.
- 7. Specimens should be handled as in the case of infectious samples using safety laboratory procedures. Thoroughly clean and disinfect all work surfaces with a freshly prepared solution of 0.5% sodium hypochlorite in deionized or distilled water.
- 8. Testing of all the samples at the earliest interval following collection will help ensure the most accurate test results. Variation in storage times during specimen shipment has not been assessed.
- 9. It is recommended to have two different areas to perform the test: Pre-Amplification and Amplification areas.
- 10. Due to the high analytical sensitivity of this test, extreme care should be taken to preserve the purity of kit reagents or amplification mixtures. All reagents should be closely monitored to purity.
- 11. Reagents in this kit could include genetic material or substances of animal and/or human origin. Although that material is not infectious, it should be handled as potentially infectious. All material should be handled and disposed as potentially infectious. Observe the local regulations for clinical waste disposal.
- 12. Dispose of unused reagents and waste in accordance with all applicable regulations.
- 13. Any serious incident that occurs in relation to the device shall be reported to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user and/or the patient is established.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING:

Tracheal aspirates or bronchoalveolar lavage are the preferred sample types to test. Alternatively, collect respiratory specimens such as nasopharyngeal swab or sputum.

Do not delay transport and laboratory investigations. Specimens could be stored at 2-8°C for up to 72 hours after collection, if delay is expected storage below -70°C is recommended.

PRELIMINARY PREPARATION OF THE REAGENTS

All reagents supplied are ready to use, except for the VIRCELL PCR MIX VIALS VIALS 1 and 2 and the VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL 3.

1 and 2 VIRCELL PCR MIX VIALS. For reconstitution add 240 µl of VIRCELL PCR MIX RECONSTITUTION SOLUTION 5 per vial. Mix thoroughly using a vortex for 2-3 seconds.

igwedge The reconstituted PCR MIX must be used right after adding the reconstitution solution and it should be kept in a freeze rack until use protected from light.

The excess of reconstituted PCR mix can be frozen at temperature below -20°C protected from light to be used in subsequent reactions.

3 VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL. Follow the next steps to reconstitute it:

Centrifuge the corresponding tube for 5 seconds at 5000 g. Add 100 µl of VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL RECONSTITUTION SOLUTION 6.

Mix with vortex for 1-2 seconds.

Centrifuge the tube for 5 seconds at 5000 g.

After reconstitution, the VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL 3 can be frozen at temperature below -70°C to be used in subsequent reactions.

TEST PROCEDURE:

- 1. RNA extraction (performed in the Pre-Amplification area):
- It is recommended to use commercial extraction kits following manufacturer instructions for RNA extraction. Consult with customer service.
- 2. Amplification using RT-PCR (performed in the Amplification

VIRCELL PCR MIX VIALS 1 and 2 are lyophilized. Each vial contains the necessary components to perform 16 RT-PCR reaction.

- 2.1 Preparation of the RT-PCR tubes: Label and allocate in freeze rack the number of tubes/strips of tubes needed. A pair of tubes will be required for each sample, plus a pair of tubes for the negative and the positive controls.
- 2.2 Reconstitution of PCR mix: Add 240 µl of VIRCELL PCR MIX RECONSTITUTION SOLUTION 5 per vial. Mix thoroughly using a vortex for 2-3 seconds. Maintain cold when thawed.
- 2.3 Pipet 15 μ l of Mix A to a tube. Pipet 15 μ l of Mix B to a different tube.
- 2.4 Addition of the sample: Add 5 μl of each extracted RNA sample to each tube. Add 5 μl of VIRCELL POSITIVE CONTROL 3 and VIRCELL NEGATIVE CONTROL 4 to the corresponding tubes. The negative control is water. Secure tube/strip of tubes caps.
- 2.5 RT-PCR program: Insert the PCR tubes/strip of tubes in the real time thermocycler and run the following program*:

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1 cycle	51ºC 15 minutes
1 cycle	95ºC 3 minutes
45 cycles	95ºC 15 seconds
	58ºC 30 seconds *

^{*}Fluorescence data (FAM and HEX/VIC) should be collected.

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INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS AND VALIDATION PROTOCOL FOR USERS:

It is recommended to include one negative control in each run performed. Negative control is water, therefore only Mix A internal control (HEX/VIC signal) should be detected. The negative control will monitor reagent or environmental contamination.

The positive control is recommended to be included on each run. The positive control monitors for reagent failures and for of correct operation essential procedure.

INTERNAL QUALITY CONTROL:

Each batch is subjected to internal quality control testing before releasing, complying with strict specifications.

MIX	FAM	HEX/VIC
1	N SARS-CoV-2 specific assay	Internal control
2	E SARS-related assay	Internal control

The result interpretation is described in the tables below:

MIX	FAM	HEX/VIC	Interpretation
1	No amplification	Amplification	Negative
1	Amplification (Ct < 40)	Amplification	SARS-CoV-2 Positive (requires confirmation with Mix 2)
1	No amplification	No or late amplification (Ct>40)	Invalid (kit/setup related)
1	Amplification (Ct < 40)	No or late amplification (Ct>40)	SARS-CoV-2 Positive (requires confirmation with Mix 2)

MIX	FAM	HEX/VIC	Interpretation
2	No amplification	Amplification	Negative
2	Amplification (Ct < 40)	Amplification	SARS-related Coronavirus Positive
2	No amplification	No or late amplification (Ct>40)	Invalid (sample related)
2	Amplification (Ct < 40)	No or late amplification (Ct>40)	SARS-related Coronavirus Positive

In case of invalid or inconclusive result, it is recommended to re-extract RNA from original specimen and re-test it. In case of failure of amplification of Mix 1 internal control, the procedure should be revised. In the case of failure of amplification of sample control from Mix 2, improper extraction of nucleic acids or absence of sufficient human cellular material could be assumed. Testing a new sample is recommended.

MIX	FAM	Interpretation
1	Amplification (Ct < 40)	SARS-CoV-2
2	Amplification (Ct < 40)	Positive

1	Amplification (Ct < 40)	
2	No amplification	Inconclusive

1	No amplification	SARS-related
2	Amplification (Ct < 40)	Coronavirus positive

LIMITATIONS:

- 1. This kit is intended to be used with human respiratory samples. The performance with other types of samples has not been evaluated.
- 2. Detection of the virus nucleic acids depends on the number of virus load present in the specimen and may be affected by specimen collection methods, patient factors, stage of infection and/or strain. False negative results may also occur if amplification inhibitors are present in the specimen, validated nucleic acids extraction methods for RNA virus should be used.
- 3. The results of samples should be used in conjunction with clinical evaluation and other diagnostic procedures.
- 4. The test provides qualitative results. No correlation can be drawn between the magnitude of a positive result and the number of microorganisms in the sample.
- 5. The test only works within the limits of the genomic regions from which the primers and probes have been chosen. The test targets highly conserved regions, however due to the high variability of RNA genomes it is possible that certain sub-types might not be detected. At design time, mutations of the target regions were not detected.
- 6. A negative test result does not exclude the presence of the target organism at levels below the detection limit of the assay.
- 7. A positive test does not rule out the possibility that other pathogens may be present.
- 8. The performance results showed correspond to comparative studies with commercial predicative devices in a defined population sample. Small differences can be found with different populations or different predicative devices.

PERFORMANCES:

• SENSITIVITY AND SPECIFICITY

SARS-CoV-2 REALTIME PCR kit has been evaluated with a panel of 80 anonymized respiratory samples from the biobank of the Spanish National Centre for Microbiology (NCM-ISCIII). This panel includes 41 positive samples and 39 negative samples previously characterized. According to the methodology recommended by the WHO and optimized in the NCM, by means of two Real Time PCR, based on reference procedures regarding its extraction and amplification.

Sensitivity has been evaluated with 3 serial dilutions of a quantified standard SARS-CoV2 corresponding to 5000 copies/tube, 500 copies / tube and 50 copies / tube.

The results obtained with SARS-COV-2 REALTIME PCR kit shows a total of 41 positive and 39 negative samples, with 100 % specificity and 100 % sensitivity. The sensitivity obtained with the standard dilutions has a 100 % correlation, obtaining positive values from the 3 assayed dilutions, with Ct values consistent with the technique of reference.

• WITHIN-RUN PRECISION:

4 samples for each target (2 positives and the positive and negative control) amplified 5 times in a single assay performed by the same operator in essentially unchanged conditions. Results: 100% agreement with CV% < 5.

• BETWEEN-RUN PRECISION:

4 samples for each target (2 positives and the positive and negative control) individually amplified on 3 consecutive runs in 2 different RT-PCR thermocyclers.

Results: 100 % agreement with CV% < 5.

• CROSS REACTIVITY:

The following respiratory flora and other pathogens have been tested with SARS-CoV-2 REALTIME PCR kit: HCoV-OC43, HCoV-229E, HCoV-HKU1, MERS-CoV, influenza A nH1N1, influenza A H3N2, influenza B, rhinovirus, enterovirus, respiratory syncytial virus A, respiratory syncytial virus B, parainfluenza 1 virus, parainfluenza 2 virus, parainfluenza 3 virus, parainfluenza 4 virus, human metapneumovirus, adenovirus, Chlamydophila pneumoniae, Haemophilus influenzae, Legionella pneumophila, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Streptococcus pyogenes, Bordetella pertussis, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Candida albicans, Pseudomonas aeruginosa and Staphylococcus epidermis. No cross reactivity with these organisms was found.

In addition, an in-silico analysis of the primers/probes sequences comparing to other microorganisms that could be found in a respiratory sample was performed, according to guideline by WHO: Instructions for Submission Requirements: In vitro diagnostics (IVDs) Detecting SARS-CoV-2 Nucleic Acid-Emergency Use Listing of IVDs WHO.

SYMBOLS USED IN LABELS:

IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
\square	Use by (expiration date)
X-C X-C	Store at x-y°C
\sum_{n}	Contains sufficient for <x> tests</x>
LOT	Batch
REF	Catalogue number
[]i	Consult instructions for use
RCNS XμΙ	Reconstitute in <x> μI</x>
STORE	Storage conditions

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